1	JON M. SANDS Federal Public Defender District of Arizona 850 W. Adams, Suite 201 Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Telephone: 602-382-2700 MARK RUMOLD, Cal. Bar #279060 Asst. Federal Public Defender Attorney for Defendant	
$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7	mark_rumold@fd.org	
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
10	DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
11	United States of America,	CD 22 00122 DCT HT
12	Plaintiff,	CR-23-08132-PCT-JJT
13	VS.	NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORITY IN SUPPORT OF
14	Donald Day, Jr.,	DEFENDANT'S SECOND MOTION TO
15	Defendant.	DISMISS (Dkt 41).
16	Defendant Donald Day, Jr., through undersigned counsel, respectfully provides the	
17	Court notice of the Ninth Circuit's recent decision in <i>United States v. Duarte</i> , No. 22-	
18	50048 (attached as Ex. 1), issued on May 9, 2024.	
19	In <i>Duarte</i> , the Ninth Circuit concluded that 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1) violates the	
20	Second Amendment as applied to Mr. Duarte, an individual convicted of five prior	
21	felonies.	
22	Duarte is the latest in a series of decisions to recognize that § 922(g)(1) is	
23	unconstitutional, either on its face or as applied to specific defendants. See, e.g., Range	
24	v. Att'y Gen., 69 F.4th 96 (3d Cir. 2023) (en banc); United States v. Bullock, F. Supp	
25	3d, No. 3:18-cr-165, 2023 WL 4232309 (S.D. Miss. June 28, 2023); <i>United States v.</i>	
26	Neal, F. Supp. 3d, No. 20-CR-335 (N	
27		

```
Prince, F. Supp. 3d , No. 22-CR-240 (N.D. III. Nov. 2, 2023); Williams v.
1
    Garland, F. Supp. 3d , No. 17-cv-2641 (E.D. Pa. Nov. 14, 2023); United States v.
2
    Williams, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-20201 (E.D. Mich. Feb. 22, 2024); United States
3
    v. Harper, F. Supp. 3d , No. 21-cr-0236 (M.D. Pa. Sep. 1, 2023); United States v.
    Hostettler, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-00654 (N.D. Oh. Apr. 10, 2024); United States
 5
    v. Jacobs, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-79 (N.D. W. Va. Apr. 18, 2024); United States
6
    v. Jones, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-74 (S.D. Miss. Jan. 8, 2024); United States v.
7
    LeBlanc, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-00045 (M.D. La. Dec. 19, 2023); United States v.
8
    Quailes, F. Supp. 3d , No. 21-cr-0176 (M.D. Pa. Aug. 22, 2023); United States v.
9
    Raphael Williams, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-20199 (E.D. Mich. Apr. 30, 2024);
10
    United States v. Taylor, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-40001 (S.D. Ill. Jan. 22, 2024);
11
    United States v. Forbis, F. Supp. 3d , No. 23-cr-133 (N.D. Okla. Aug. 17, 2023);
12
    United States v. Griffin, F. Supp. 3d , No. 21-cr-00693 (N.D. Ill. Nov. 30, 2023);
13
    see also Linton v. Bonta, F. Supp. 3d , No. 18-cv-07653 (N.D. Cal. Feb. 28, 2024)
14
    (striking down similar state ban).
15
           Unlike those other decisions, however, Duarte is controlling authority here.
16
17
18
```

In its decision, the Ninth Circuit recognized—as Mr. Day has argued, *see* Reply at 2-3 (Dkt. 55)—that the Supreme Court's decision in *Bruen* abrogated prior Circuit precedent, *United States v. Vongxay*, upholding § 922(g)(1). *See* Opinion at 8-22. *Duarte* likewise recognized that the Second Amendment's plain language encompasses the conduct at issue here—an individual (even one convicted of prior felonies) possessing firearms for purposes of self-defense. *See* Opinion at 22-33. And *Duarte* rejected the claim that, given Mr. Duarte's prior felony convictions, a categorical, lifetime ban on the possession of firearms worked by § 922(g)(1) is supported by a "distinctly similar" historical analogue. *See* Opinion at 35-63.

Duarte therefore compels the dismissal of Count 3. In this case, Mr. Day is accused of possessing guns and ammunition, at his home, for purposes of self-defense. The

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

government alleges Mr. Day has prior felony convictions—the most recent of which is 34 years old. But in the decades since, Mr. Day has had no subsequent arrests or convictions. The government has not offered a "distinctly similar" historical analogue to justify the lifetime ban on the possession of firearms it seeks to enforce here. Accordingly, Court 3 should be dismissed. Respectfully submitted: May 17, 2024. JON M. SANDS Federal Public Defender /s/ Mark Rumold Mark Rumold Asst. Federal Public Defender